## Joint FAO/IAEA Programme in Food and Agriculture











### **Atoms for Food**



# Joint FAO/IAEA Programme in Food and Agriculture Corporate Mission



Atomic energy for peace, health and prosperity

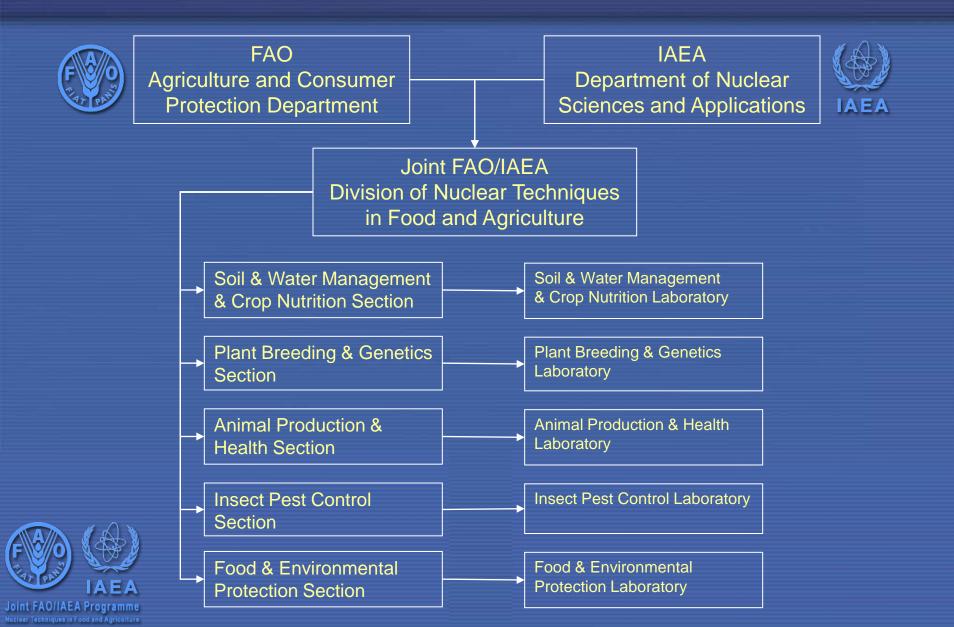


Sustainable agricultural development, improved nutrition and food security

to contribute to sustainable food security and safety by use of nuclear techniques and biotechnology



### Joint FAO/IAEA Programme Organizational Chart



# **Our Goals**



Food Security



Food Safety



Sustainable Agriculture



## **Working in Partnership**

- FAO Animal Production and Health Division (AGA)
- International Livestock Research Institute (ILRI)
- World Animal Health Organisation (OIE)
- Africa Union's Inter-African Bureau of Animal Resources (IBAR)
- World Health Organization (WHO)
- Pan American Health Organization (PAHO)
- EU Commission

plus FAO & IAEA Member States

168 IAEA Member States191 FAO Member States



## **Animal Production and Health Sub-programme**



### Animal Production and Health Section

- Vienna Headquarters
- Seibersdorf Laboratory



### **Our Mandate**





# Assist MS to improve livestock productivity through:

- ✓ Efficient use of locally available feed and animal genetic resources,
- ✓ Adequate management practices and efficient reproductive / breeding programmes,
- ✓ Development of proactive disease prevention and control measures

using nuclear and nuclear-related technologies







# **Sub-programme Activity Areas**

### **Animal Production**

Support member states on gene-based technologies in livestock breeding

- Strengthen and improve artificial insemination system in member states to enable genetic improvement of livestock
- Efficient use of locally available and unconventional feed resources for livestock



# Sub-programme Activity Areas Animal Health

## Disease Diagnosis and Control

Early and Rapid Diagnosis of zoonotic and transboundary Animal Diseases

Application of radio isotope technologies for development of vaccines against zoonotic and transboundary animal diseases



# Modalities of Cooperation with Member States

- Coordinated Research Projects (CRPs)
- Technical Cooperation Projects (TCPs)
  National TC Projects
  Regional TC Projects
- Extra budgetary Projects
   Peaceful Uses Initiative (PUI) Projects



## **Coordinated Research Project**

- Research is done within an operational framework and well defined global or regional thematic or problem focus
- Bring together research institutes in both developing and developed countries to network on a specific research topic
- CRPs are composed by 6 15 Research Contract holders, 2 5
   Agreement holders, and 1 2 Technical Contract holders
- CRPs last for 3 5 years
- 3 4 Research Coordination Meetings (RCM) are held to evaluate and harmonize activities
- The results are freely available through IAEA's publications and relevant international journals
- The knowledge is also used to enhance the quality of TC projects



# **Technical Cooperation Projects**

The IAEA Technical Cooperation Department (TC) facilitates the transfer of nuclear and related technologies

- TC works in full partnership with the IAEA Technical Departments.
- Over US\$ 70 million per year in nearly 100 developing countries.
- Project proposals are approved in a 2-year cycle.
- Submitted by local institutions through national atomic energy authorities
- Provides supports for expert missions, fellowships, and equipment.
- Projects last for 2-4 years and amount for US\$ 50,000 to 200,000 per year



## Capacity Building under TC Projects

### National and Regional training course

- Held at Seibersdorf Laboratory or hosted by academic or research institutions in Member States
- Focus on modern and specific nuclear and nuclear-related technologies for improving livestock productivity

### Fellowship trainings

- Usually 1-3 month training for both scientists and technicians
- IAEA covers the trainee and host institute expenses; Seibersdorf labs or advanced labs

### **Scientific visits**

 Targeted to senior staff of TC projects; 1-2 weeks visit to state of the art laboratory

### **Field Support Missions**



### TC or CRP - What is the difference?

### **CRP**

- Research based project
- Single activity
- ✓ Interest of contracting institute
- Seed money for research
- Not for capacity building
- Call for specific CRPs
- Direct submission to the IAEA
- Approval based on technical merits
- √ 5 years
- Emphasis on technical results

### TC

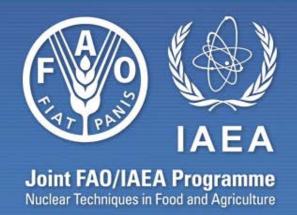
- ✓ Transfer and adoption of proven technology
- ✓ Variety of activities
- ✓ Involves an array of stakeholders
- ✓ Large amount of funds
- Strong capacity building component
- ✓ Applications on a 2-year cycle
- ✓ Submission through the NLO
- Approval based on country priorities
- $\checkmark$  2 3 years
- Emphasis on implementation



# Application of Nuclear and Molecular Techniques to Improve Livestock Productivity ANIMAL GENETICS



## **Animal Production and Health Laboratory**



# Animal Production and Health Sub-Programme

# IAEA Headquarters

## Implementation of

- Coordinated Research Programs (CRPs)
- National Technical Cooperation Projects (TCPs)
- Regional TCPs

## **Seibersdorf Laboratory**

# Technical Support to CRPs and TCPs

- Development and transfer of tools/methods
- Capacity building Conduct training courses/workshops
- ✓ IAEA Fellowship trainings and Internships



## **Animal Genetics: Major Focus**



- Support MSs to implement Global Plan of Action on ANGRs
- Development and transfer of tools to improve genetic disease resistance
- Tools for animal identification, recording and selection to improve animal productivity

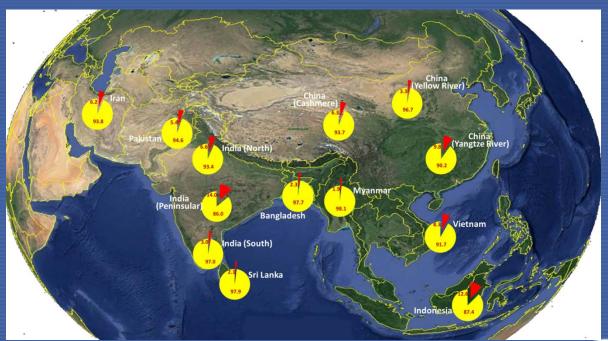
# Coordinated Research Projects on Animal Genetics and Breeding

- ✓ CRP D3.10.25 (2005-2010): Gene based technologies for livestock breeding: Characterization of small ruminant genetic resources of Asia
- ✓ CRP D3.10.26 (2011-2015): Gene based technologies for livestock breeding: Genetic variation for the control of parasite resistance in sheep and goats
- ✓ CRP D3.10.28 (2016-2020): Application of Nuclear and Genomic Tools to Enable for the Selection of Animals with Enhanced Productivity Traits



# CRP D3.10.25 : Characterization of small ruminant genetic resources of Asia

- ✓ Seven Asian countries were supported by the CRP
- √~57 indigenous goat breeds and 41 sheep breeds were characterized using MS and mtDNA markers



# CRP D3.10.26: Genetic variation for the control of parasite resistance in sheep and goats

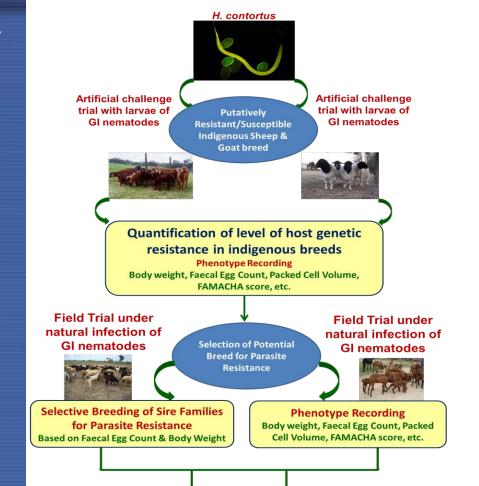
- ✓ Gastrointestinal nematodes impose severe constraints on sheep and goat production (>\$10 billion loss annually)
- **✓** Increasing drug resistance among GI nematodes
- **√12** countries across Asia, Africa and Latin America were supported
- ✓ Argentina, Brazil, Ethiopia, Burkina Faso, Nigeria, Pakistan, China, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Indonesia, Iran and Saudi Arabia



# CRP D3.10.26: Breeding local sheep/goat breeds for parasite resistance

- Quantification of innate resistance of indigenous sheep/ goat breeds against parasite infections
- Identification of DNA markers for parasite resistance in sheep/goat

Breeding programs with the goal of enhancing host resistance to parasites







Candidate Gene Approach for Parasite Resistance in Sheep – Variation in Immune Pathway Genes and Association with Fecal Egg Count

Kathiravan Periasamy¹\*, Rudolf Pichler¹, Mario Poli², Silvina Cristel³, Bibiana Cetrá⁴, Daniel Medus⁵, Muladno Basar°, Thiruvenkadan A. K.², Saravanan Ramasamy², Masroor Babbar Ellahi®, Faruque Mohammed², Atanaska Teneva¹°, Mohammed Shamsuddin¹, Mario Garcia Podesta¹, Adama Diallo¹

1 Animal Production and Health Laboratory, Joine FAO/IARA Division of Nuclear Techniques in Food and Agriculture, International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna, Austria, 2 Instituto de Genética "Busid A Fairest", Instituto Nacional de Tecnologia Agropecuaria, Santo Rosa, La Parigas, Agenética, 4 Mercedes Experimental Station, Instituto Nacional de Tecnologia Agropecuaria Santo Rosa, La Parigas, Agenética, 4 Mercedes Experimental Station, Instituto Nacional de Tecnologia Agropecuaria Concepción del Uruguay, Joine Rosa, Agentina, 6 Department of Animal Sciences, Bogor Agricultural University, Bogor, Indonesia, 2 Veterinary College and Research Institute Nacional der Tecnologia Agropecuaria Concepción del Uruguay, Joine Rosa, Agentina, 6 Department of Animal Sciences, Bogor Agricultural University, Bogor, Indonesia, 2 Veterinary College and Research Institute Hamaladi, Tamil Nacio Veterinary and Animal Sciences University, Chemia, India, 8 Department of Animal Genetics and Breeding, University of Veterinary and Animal Sciences, Labora, Raistan, 9 Department of Animal Breeding and Genetics, Bargladesh, Angiorultural University, Mymensingh, Bangdosh, 10 University of Foresty, Sofia Malgaria



- ➤ Genotyping field samples with 50K SNP chip to assess whole genome variation
- > Detection of Selection Signature within sheep & goat genome for parasite resistance
- ➤ Whole genome association with phenotype

### **Candidate Gene Study**

- Targeted re-sequencing of candidate genes involved in immune pathways, pathogen recognition receptors, adaptive immune response, etc.
- > Detection of functional allelic variants
- > Association of allelic variants with phenotype



# CRP D3.10.28: Application of Nuclear and Genomic Tools to Enable for the Selection of Animals with Enhanced Productivity Traits

Countries implementing pure breeding program

Argentina China

Peru Serbia

Countries implementing cross breeding program

Bangladesh India

Sri Lanka Kenya

Tunisia South Africa



## Support to Technical Cooperation Projects



- →30 countries are currently supported on AnGR, animal genetic improvement and DNA Barcoding
- □ National TCPs: Burkina Faso, Madagascar, Sudan, Papua New Guinea, Bangladesh, Cambodia, Zambia, Peru, Myanmar, Sri Lanka, Malaysia

### **ARASIA: Regional cooperation in Arab Asia**

Genetic characterization of small ruminants

# ARCAL: Regional Cooperation in Latin America Implementing breeding programs to decrease

parasite infestation in sheep

Animal Production and Health
Sub-programme

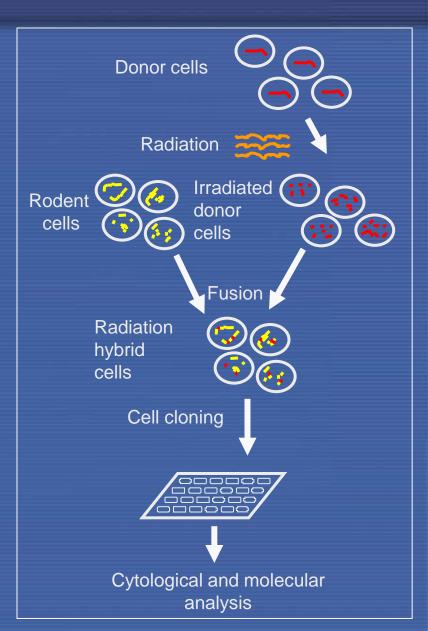


## Other Research and Development Activities

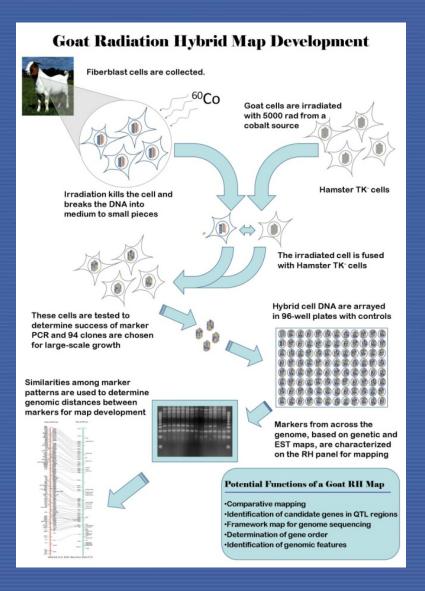
- Construction of radiation hybrid panels for mapping livestock genomes
- Development and transfer of Genetics Laboratory Information and Data Management System (GLIDMaS)
- Maintenance of a Global Genetic Repository to promote collaborative animal genetic research
- Support to member states to establish national Gene Banks of performance recorded animals
- Development and transfer of SNP panel for estimation of breed admixture in cattle

# Development of Tools: Radiation Hybrid Panels for Mapping Livestock Genomes (RHMap)

- A method for ordering markers along a chromosome
- Irradiated donor cells are fused with recipient rodent cells
- Hybrid cell lines are grouped in panels of clones
- Each panel contains a set of chromosome fragments produced by radiation-induced breakage
- Clones are screened by PCR amplification to establish the presence of a given marker
- The distances between markers are calculated by statistical models



# Tools Development: Radiation hybrid mapping for goats





Contents lists available at SciVerse ScienceDirect

### Small Ruminant Research





A whole-genome radiation hybrid panel for goat

X.Y. Du<sup>a</sup>, J.E. Womack<sup>b</sup>, K.E. Owens<sup>b</sup>, J.S. Elliott<sup>b</sup>, B. Sayre<sup>c</sup>, P.J. Bottcher<sup>d</sup>, D. Milan<sup>e</sup>, M. Garcia Podesta<sup>f</sup>, S.H. Zhao<sup>a,\*</sup>, M. Malek<sup>f,\*\*</sup>

- <sup>a</sup> Department of Animal Science and Technology, Huazhong Agricultural University, Wuhan 430070, PR China
- b Department of Veterinary Pathobiology, College of Veterinary Medicine, Texas A&M University, College Station, TX 77843, USA
- Department of Biology, Virginia State University, Petersburg, VA 23830, USA
- d Animal Production and Health Division, Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, 00153 Rome, Italy
  Toulouse, INRA, FR (INRA), Laboratoire de Génétique Cellulaire and Biométrie et Intelligence Artificielle, Castanet-Tolosan, France
- FAO/IAEA Agriculture and Biotechnology Laboratory, Department of Nuclear Sciences and Applications, International Atomic Energy Agency, Wagramer
  Strasse 5, P.O. Box 100. A-1400. Austria

### ARTICIES

nature biotechnology

OPE

Sequencing and automated whole-genome optical mapping of the genome of a domestic goat (*Capra hircus*)

Yang Dong <sup>1,2,12</sup>, Min Xie<sup>3,12</sup>, Yu Jiang <sup>1,5,12</sup>, Nianqing Xiaol<sup>0,12</sup>, Xiaoyong Du<sup>4,12</sup>, Wenguang Zhang <sup>1,6,12</sup>, Gwenola Tosser-Klopp<sup>7</sup>, Jinhuan Wang<sup>1</sup>, Shuang Yang<sup>3</sup>, Jie Liang<sup>3</sup>, Wenbin Chen<sup>3</sup>, Jing Chen<sup>3</sup>, Peng Zeng<sup>3</sup>, Yong Hou<sup>3</sup>, Chao Bian<sup>3</sup>, Shengkai Pan<sup>3</sup>, Yuxiang Li<sup>3</sup>, Xin Liu<sup>3</sup>, Wenliang Wang<sup>3</sup>, Bertrand Servin<sup>7</sup>, Brian Sayre<sup>11</sup>, Bin Zhu<sup>9</sup>, Deacon Sweeney<sup>10</sup>, Rich Moore<sup>10</sup>, Wenhui Nie<sup>1</sup>, Yongyi Shen<sup>1,2</sup>, Ruoping Zhao<sup>1</sup>, Guojie Zhang<sup>3</sup>, Jinquan Li<sup>6</sup>, Thomas Faraut<sup>7</sup>, James Womack<sup>9</sup>, Yaping Zhang<sup>4</sup>, James Kijas<sup>5</sup>, Noelle Cockett<sup>8</sup>, Xun Xu<sup>1,3</sup>, Shuhong Zhao<sup>4</sup>, Jun Wang<sup>3</sup> & Wen Wang<sup>4</sup>

Du et al. BMC Genomics 2014, 15:625 http://www.biomedcentral.com/1471-2164/15/625



### RESEARCH ARTICLE

Open Access

An update of the goat genome assembly using dense radiation hybrid maps allows detailed analysis of evolutionary rearrangements in *Bovidae* 

Xiaoyong Du<sup>16†</sup>, Bertrand Servin<sup>2†</sup>, James E Womack<sup>3</sup>, Jianhua Cao<sup>1</sup>, Mei Yu<sup>1</sup>, Yang Dong<sup>4,5</sup>, Wen Wang<sup>4\*</sup> and Shuhong Zhao<sup>1\*</sup>

# Tools Development: Construction of Radiation Hybrid Panels for Camels

✓ Two RH panels for camels are currently under construction
 15000 rad (Male dromedary)
 5000 rad (Female dromedary whose genome is sequenced)

 Screening of clones for retention of donor genome is underway

√ 5000 rad panel will be used for genotyping/sequencing to assemble the genome at chromosome level



# Global DNA Bank to promote collaborative animal genetic research

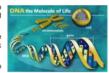


### GLOBAL DNA BANK FOR LIVESTOCK BREEDS -AN ARCHIVE OF DOMESTIC ANIMAL GERMPLASM

Animal Production and Health Laboratory, Joint FAO-IAEA Division, International Atomic Energy Agency, Seibersdorf Laboratories, Vienna, Austria

#### INTRODUCTION

- Livestock breeds/populations have been evolved over centuries due to sustained natural and artificial selection with adaptation to local agricultural production systems and agro-ecological environments
- The domestic animal genetic resource (AnGR) represents a unique source to respond to the present and future needs of livestock production
- With the rapid erosion of animal genetic resources, it is essential to conserve their genetic material either in situ or ex situ



#### **OUR MISSION**

- · To collect, preserve and maintain genomic DNA from distinct breeds of various livestock species
- To promote collaborative animal genetic research on indigenous livestock breeds across different countries

#### THE PROCESS OF DNA ARCHIVING



"Our ultimate aim is to preserve representative genetic variation from all livestock populations around the world"

#### **Expected Benefits**

- A global core collection of genetic material from different breeds of various livestock species with easy access and established standards
- Historical archive of livestock biodiversity and ex situ conservation of rare and endangered domestic animal germplasm
- Source of genetic material for a wide range of animal researchers to benefit the farmers worldwide

Animal Production and He Sub-programme







## Genetics Laboratory Information and Data Management System

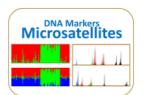


### **GLIDMaS**

GENETICS LABORATORY INFORMATION AND DATA MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

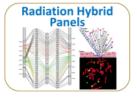
















**Archive Data Retrieve Data** 

Wednesday, October 05, 2016

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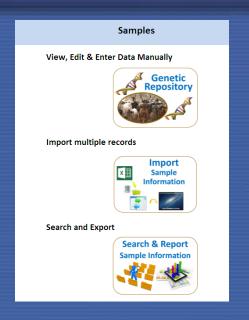
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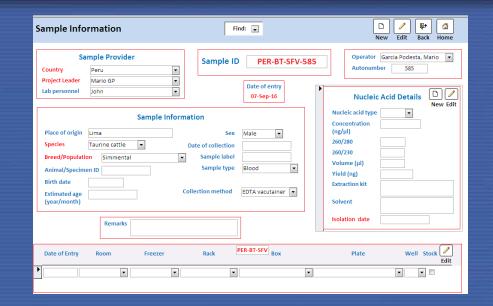


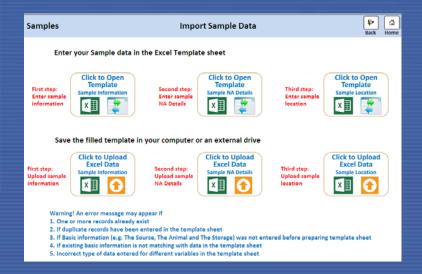


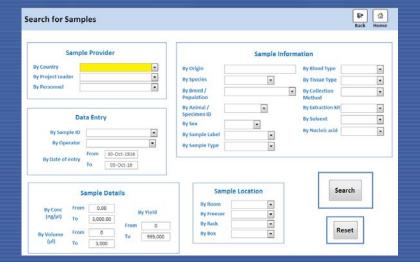


# **GLIDMaS – Genetic Repository**









### **Animal Production and Health Laboratory**

# Capacity building



**Individual Training** 

**Training Courses** 

Field Support Missions







# Capacity Building –Group Trainings at Seibersdorf Animal Genetics





Livestock Biodiversity

DNA based animal breed characterization





# Capacity Building –Fellowship Trainings, Seibersdorf (Animal Genetics)













## **Field Support Missions**

**Animal Genetics** 



Implementing
Animal Identification
Systems



Establishing Genetics
Laboratories



STATE OF STA

Animal Recording under Field Conditions to improve Genetics

Demonstration/Training of work flow



### **Animal Production and Health Subprogramme**













